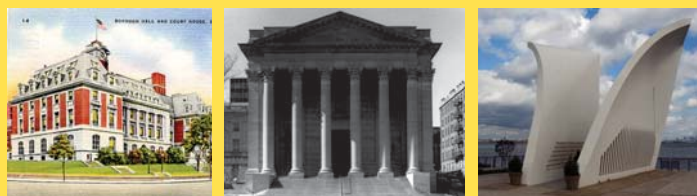


## See several attractions as the ferry approaches St. George



As you exit the ferry, follow signs for the ballpark. This leads to the terrace on the west side of the terminal, a great spot to take pictures of family or friends with Manhattan as a spectacular backdrop. Upland is the Beaux Arts-style **Borough Hall (1906)**, with its tall clock tower, and the Neo-Classical **Richmond County Courthouse (1919)**. Both were designed by architects Carrere and Hastings, famous for the New York Public Library on 42nd Street. One block to the west (right) of the courthouse, you can see the rear of the Staten Island Museum. Look west along the water front: the gleaming white structure is Staten Island's **Postcards, 9/11 Memorial**, which commemorates those lost while sending a message of hope across the harbor. Walk down the broad steps and take the pedestrian ramp just before the ballpark up to Richmond Terrace, which was once a Lenape Indian trail. Across Richmond Terrace is the Renaissance Revival style **120th Precinct Station House (1922)**, and behind it, at the corner of Wall St. and Stuyvesant Place, is the **Staten Island Museum (1918)**.



Borough Hall Richmond County Courthouse Postcards, 9/11 Memorial



120th Precinct Station House Staten Island Museum

### Ferry Schedule Departing from Staten Island

**Weekday Schedule:** Every half hour between 9AM - 3:30PM & 7PM-12:30AM,  
**Morning Rush Hour Schedule,** 6AM, 6:20AM, 6:40AM, 7AM, 7:15AM, 7:30AM, 7:45AM, 8AM, 8:15AM, 8:30AM. **Evening Rush Hour Schedule,** 3:50PM, 4:10PM, 4:30PM, 4:50PM, 5:10PM, 5:30PM, 5:45PM, 6:00PM, 6:15PM, 6:30PM & 6:45PM.

### Ferry Schedule Departing from Manhattan

**Weekday Schedule:** every half hour between 9:30AM - 4PM & 8PM-11:30PM,  
**Morning Rush Hour Schedule,** 6:30AM, 6:50AM, 7:10AM, 7:30AM, 7:45AM, 8AM, 8:15AM, 8:30AM, 8:45AM, 9AM, 9:15AM. **Evening Rush Hour Schedule,** 4:20PM, 4:40PM, 5PM, 5:15PM, 5:30PM, 5:45PM, 6PM, 6:15PM, 6:30PM, 6:45PM, 7PM, 7:20PM, 7:40PM.

**Weekend Schedule:** Every half hour between 9AM-7:30PM, after 7PM every hour on the hour from Staten Island and every hour on the half hour from Manhattan.

**Holiday Schedule for both sides:** Every half hour between 7AM-11PM.

Funded in part by a grant from the NYC & Company Foundation with additional support from the NYC Department of Cultural Affairs and the Staten Island Borough President, James P. Molinaro.



## Staten Island and its Ferry

- Thousands of years before the arrival of the Europeans, Staten Island was settled by the Lenape Indians who gathered oysters and practiced agriculture.



- After several wars between the Dutch and the Lenape, Staten Island was permanently settled in 1661, and soon became home to Dutch settlers, Huguenots (French Protestants), English, and both slave and free African Americans.

- In the centuries that followed, Staten Island supplied the region with superb oysters as well as cherries and peaches from its notable orchards. It became a popular beach resort destination, and was also known as a location where Ivory soap was made and ships were built.



- Today, Staten Island is the fastest growing borough in New York City; two and a half times as large as Manhattan in area, with a population of 500,000.

### On the Boat

- On October 25, 1905, the Staten Island Ferry became a New York City operated service under the Department of Transportation.

- Every year, the Staten Island Ferry carries over 21 million passengers, about 65,000 a day.

- A chance encounter on the Ferry in 1876, brought together three of the young men who founded the Staten Island Museum in 1881.

# Ferry Rider's Guide



photograph by Trevor Gherardi

## VISIT THE MUSEUM 2 FOR 1 ADMISSION WITH THIS FLYER

### MUSEUM HOURS

Monday-Friday: 11am - 5pm  
 Saturday: 10am - 5pm  
 Sunday: 12pm - 5pm

### ADMISSION

Adults \$3  
 Students/Seniors \$2  
 SIM Members Free  
 Children under 12 Free



Explore Experience Engage

75 Stuyvesant Place, Staten Island, NY 10301  
 P: 718.727.1135  
 StatenIslandMuseum.org

### 1. WHITEHALL FERRY TERMINAL(2004)

The present Whitehall Ferry Terminal is the fourth one on the site since the early twentieth century, when Whitehall Terminal was the twin to the green Battery Maritime Building next door. The seats were designed to resemble the Lenape Indians canoes that once crossed the Harbor.



### 2. ST. GEORGE TERMINAL (2004)



This is a dramatic rehabilitation of a 1940s structure (plus additions). The architects literally raised the roof to admit light and cut through walls to allow views out, into, and through the terminal.

### 14. BAYONNE BRIDGE (1931)

The Bayonne Bridge, designed by engineer Othmar Ammann, who also created the George Washington Bridge and the Verrazano Bridge, was modeled after the Hell Gate Bridge between Queens and the Bronx.



### 15. KILL VAN KULL

In Dutch, a "kill" is a river it is a tidal strait between New Jersey and Staten Island. A working waterfront, lined with container ports, refineries, tug marinas and New York's largest repair yard, where ferries and other vessels are regularly overhauled.

### 16. POSTCARDS

This 2004 Staten Island 9/11 memorial was designed by Masayuki Sono and honors 274 Staten Island residents killed in the September 11, 2001 terrorist attack and the 1993 attack on the World Trade Center.

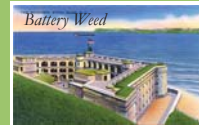


### 12. STATEN ISLAND MUSEUM (1881)

Founded in 1881, the Staten Island Museum, New York City's only general interest museum, engages visitors with interdisciplinary exhibitions and educational programs that explore the dynamic connections between natural science, art, and history based on its diverse collections. The Museum also operates the Staten Island History Center in Building H at Snug Harbor Cultural Center. As part of an expansion project, the Museum is renovating Building A.

### 13. BATTERY WEED AT FORT WADSWORTH (1861)

The stone fortress on the water, in the shadow of the Verrazano Narrows Bridge, was built as an addition to Fort Wadsworth, which was constructed after the War of 1812 to strengthen harbor defenses.



### 8. CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY TERMINAL (1889)

An early inter-modal facility for trains, ferries, and buses that today is an exhibition space in Liberty State Park.



### 9. ELLIS ISLAND (1892)

From 1892 to 1954, over twelve million immigrants entered the United States through the portal of Ellis Island, a small island in New York Harbor. It was named after the last private owner of the island, Samuel Ellis.



### 10. STATUE OF LIBERTY (1886)

This gift to America from the people of France is modeled in copper by Auguste Bartholdi, with internal metalwork designed by Gustave Eiffel. It functioned as a lighthouse from 1886-1902 and was the first electrified lighthouse in the United States.

### 11. ROBBINS REEF LIGHTHOUSE (1883)

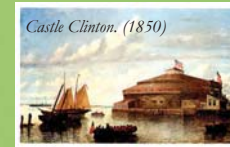
"Robbens" means "seals" in Dutch. In the 17th century, seals sunned themselves on the rocky reef that caused shipwrecks before the first lighthouse was erected here in 1839. When the keeper died 3 years later, his German-born widow took over his duties. Kate Walker raised 2 children there, and in 26 years of service, rescued 50 people and 1 dog. (Automated in 1966)



### Manhattan

### 3. BROOKLYN BRIDGE (1883)

Designed by German engineer John Roebling. After his death in 1869, his son, Washington, took over the job, but was disabled by decompression illness from working below water in a pressurized caisson. Washington's wife, Emily, assisted her husband by explaining changes to the contractors and inspecting the finished work. In 1884, P.T. Barnum's circus demonstrated the bridge's safety by parading 21 elephants across the span.



### 4. CASTLE CLINTON (1811) & 5. CASTLE WILLIAMS (1811)

Castle Clinton, was once an off-shore fort, worked in tandem with Castle Williams to defend Manhattan. It was built for the War of 1812 between the United States and Britain. Despite the cannon on the roof, no shots were ever fired in anger.

### 6. GOVERNORS ISLAND (1784)

Under British rule, the island was the residence of royal colonial governors. Long a Coast Guard base, the island is now a national monument, open seasonally. The large octagonal structure in the harbor (not shown on the map) is a ventilator tower for the Brooklyn Battery Tunnel that connects Brooklyn to lower Manhattan.



### 7. VERRAZANO NARROWS BRIDGE (1964)

The Verrazano Narrows Bridge is named for Giovanni da Verrazano, the first European explorer in the harbor. It is America's longest suspension bridge, constructed of steel cables that contract and expand seasonally making the double-deck roadway 12 feet lower in summer than winter



## WHICH BOAT ARE YOU ON?

Each class of ferryboat has a distinctive design and is named after an individual important to Staten Island or to honor a group or an ideal.



Kennedy Class, 1965, 3,500 Passengers

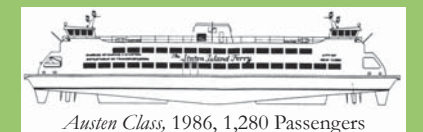
"John F. Kennedy" (1917-1963) - United States President 1961-1963.  
 "Herbert H. Lehman" (1878-1963) - New York Governor 1932-1942.  
 "American Legion," the largest United States veteran's association.

"The Kennedy class boats except for the John F. Kennedy have been removed from service."



Barberi Class, 1981-1982, 6,000 Passengers

"Andrew J. Barberi" (1914-1979) - legendary football coach at Staten Island's Curtis High School.  
 "Samuel I. Newhouse" (1885-1979) - publisher who founded the "Staten Island Advance" newspaper and later the Condé Nast Media Group.



Austen Class, 1986, 1,280 Passengers

"Alice Austen" (1866-1952) - pioneering photographer who captured "the lark life" of her day and class.  
 "John A. Noble" (1913-1983) - distinguished American marine artist whose work chronicled the last chapter of the Age of Sail and is celebrated by the Noble Maritime Collection at historic Snug Harbor Cultural Center.



Molinari Class, 2004-2005, 4,500 Passengers

"Guy V. Molinari" 1928 - Staten Island's Borough President 1990-2001.  
 "John J. Marchi" (1921-2009) - Staten Island State Senator 1973-2006.  
 "Spirit of America," 2006 - Keel built with steel from The World Trade Center Towers. Named to Honor the Spirit and Unity of America after the attacks.

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